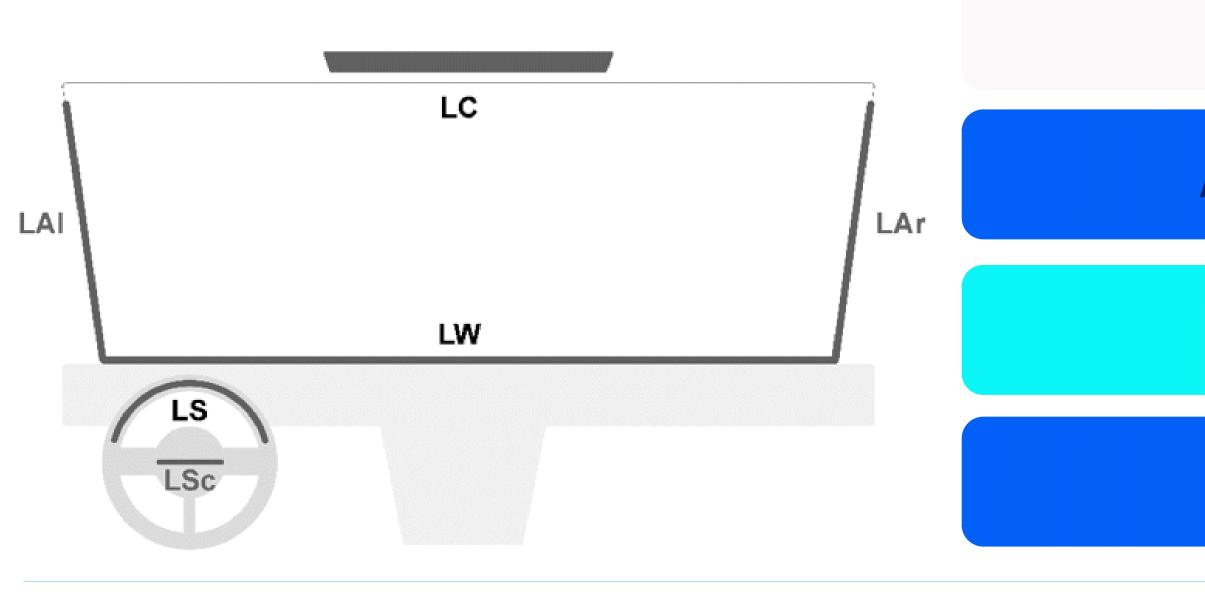
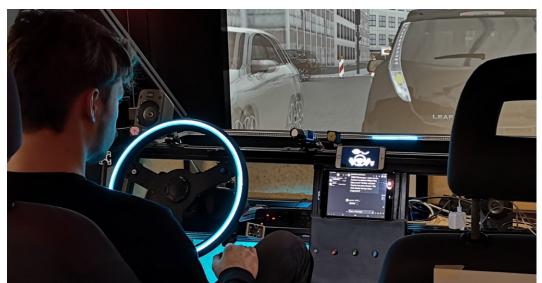
GUARDIAN ANGEL



AMBIENT LIGHTNING FLUID HMI



Simulator Study 1



- Switching between Manual, ADL2 and ADL3 driving
- LED **positions**: LS, LW and Footwell • LED **colors**: white, blue, turquoise for driving modes; yellow and red for transitions down

Simulator Study 2



- Switching between Manual and ADL3+ driving
- LED **positions**: LW and LC

• LED colors: white, turquoise for driving mode and dis- and re-engagement; 2200K white for relaxation



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Vehicle study





Scenario 2: Lane narrowing

Manual (LW) ADL2, ADL3 (LW, LC)

ADL3+(LW, LC)

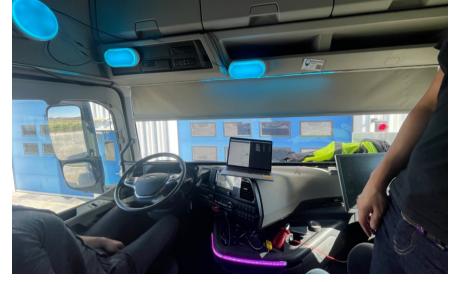
Transitions (LW, LS)

Twizy Integration



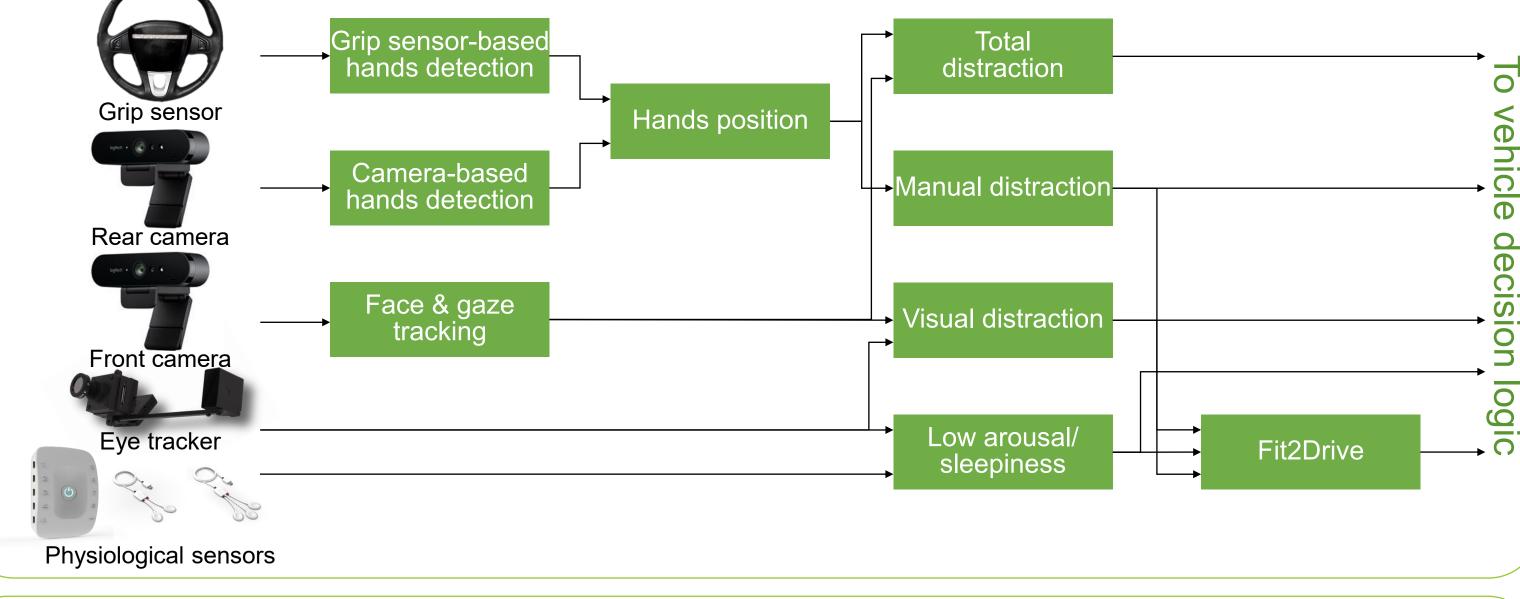
- Renault **Twizy** from Tecnalia Research Center in Spain
- Integrated Lights: LW, LSc and LAI+Lar • Light **colors**: orange, green, red

Ford Truck Integration



• **Truck** from FORD Turkey • Integrated Lights: LW, LC spots, NDRA

• Light colors: white, 2200K white, tourquise, purple, orange



Architecture of the proposed neural network detecting: • the number of hands on the steering wheel Output • the number of hands on the tablet • the position of the tablet Focus : a 4-channel image generated from the input image, Input reconstructing the relevant areas in the image #2 Right hand on #3 Left hand on #1 Left hand on steering wheel steering wheel tablet (none here) Innovations • able to distinguish a hand <u>over</u> the steering wheel \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow Number of hands on steering wheel from a hand grasping it. • introduces the *focus* for increased performances \rightarrow \rightarrow Number of hands on tablet \rightarrow \rightarrow Tablet position





Holistic Approach for Driver Role Integration and Automation Allocation for European Mobility Needs

Haptic icons

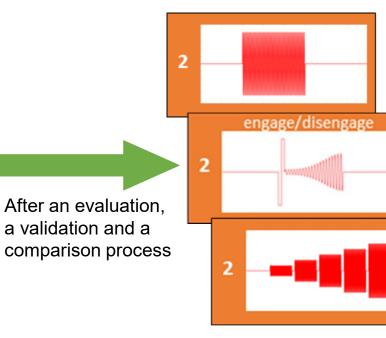
Concept: short, recognizable and differentiable vibratory patterns which are perceived in form of haptic feedback through the driver hands.

- Provide non-intrusive and time-dependent warnings to the driver
- Increase trust in ADAS
- Increase situational awareness • Avoid driver drowsiness

Limitations of the system

- At least on hand in the steering wheel required
- Difficult to differentiate in a vibrating environment
- Small range of acceptable amplitudes and frequencies

6 Initial haptic icons library developed for AD applications





Results of the haptic icons for notification, ADL transitions and TOR

DRIVER MONITORING SYSTEM (DMS)

System architecture

we estimate the driver behavior and deduce the driver states which are merged into a global indicator named Fit2Drive. Driver state models Behavioral models Sensors

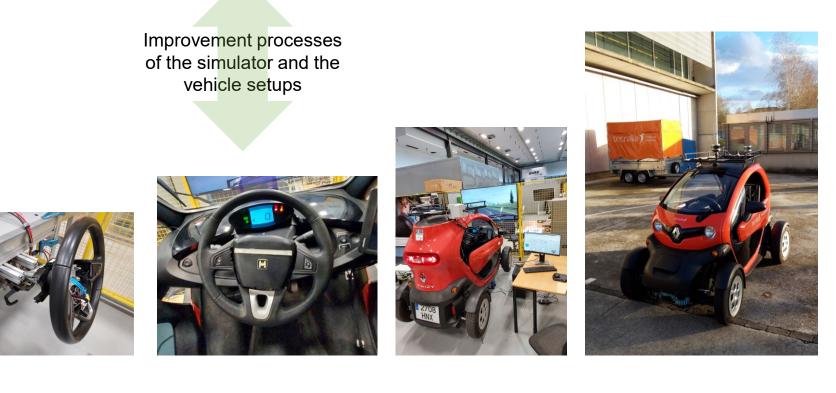
Camera-based hands detection



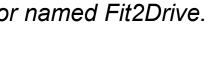


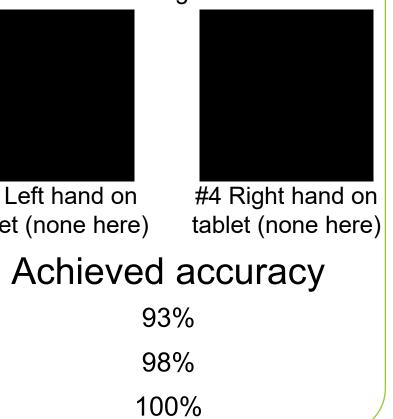
Simulator setup





Renault Twizy setup





Project outcomes & innovations

2 Databases to train the DMS

- Open Access Driver State Database
- Driver Hands Database:

108 sessions 5 different set-ups 45600 annotated images with bounding boxes



Multiple driver monitoring models Grip sensor-based hand detection

- Camera-based hand detection
- Face & gaze tracking
- Low arousal/sleepiness
- Visual distraction
- Manual distraction
- Fit2Drive

Publications

S. Aloui et al., « Driver Monitoring Systems in automated interactions: A real-time, thermographic-based algorithm », in *HCI SI 2022*

R. Morvillier, C. Prat, et S. Aloui, « A Camera-Based System to Detect Driver Hands on the Steering Wheel in Semi-autonomous Vehicles », in ECML PKDD 2022

More to come !